Pregnancy in women with advanced renal disease poses a challenging clinical scenario and associated with increasing morbidities for the mother and her baby. This prospective national study using AMOSS will assess significant chronic and acute kidney disease in Australian pregnant women to define the epidemiology, risk factors and outcomes; evaluate management practices and gaps; and provide evidence to improve counselling and care to affected women.

Australasian Maternity Outcomes Surveillance System (AMOSS) study: Renal Disease in Pregnancy

Inclusion Criteria:
If the woman has given birth between 1 August 2017 and 31 July 2018, and has any of the following renal conditions:

1. A working kidney Transplant.
2. Receiving any Long-term Dialysis before conception and continuing any dialysis during this pregnancy.
3. Started any Dialysis during this pregnancy.
4. Known pre-conception eGFR <45ml/min/1.73m2.
5. Newly identified kidney impairment with any serum creatinine reading of >150 µmol/L on 2 consecutive readings, during this pregnancy.

Contact AMOSS
e: amoss@uts.edu.au
w: www.amoss.com.au

AMOSS is a national surveillance and research system designed to study a variety of rare and severe conditions in pregnancy.

For full study details or to notify a potential case in your hospital, please contact AMOSS.